

Walking through the squalls of winter, I squint into the day's grisaille with a hat at eye level and scarf half-way up my nose: the world becomes a cold stripe embroidered with long lines of falling sleet. Hildur Asgeirsdóttir Jonsson's tapestries are like that. Inspired by the landscapes of her native Iceland, they seem full of frozen winds and geothermal currents, like hot tremors of geological activity meeting trembling, frost-bitten hands.

## EARTH, WI Hildur Ásgeirsdóttir Jonsson

@ MOCA Cleveland

us and the matrix of our perceptual apparatus where mem- the abyss of time. ory knots time and detail together.

melancholy piety, speaking of solemn promises hidden in na- sources those paintings so closely resemble. They're not even

Landscape, a late subject in Western art, is like a screen or ture, and the epic abstract geology of Clyfford Still, with its stage viewed from just beyond the footlights, a place midway roots in the bold textiles of Southwestern Native American between quarks and God. It stands in for the body itself, for cultures. All shout or murmur about space and freedom, and

Jonsson cites the sparely poetic Icelandic landscape painter But it is the immanence of the larger-than-self — a sense of Georg Gudni as one of her influences, along with Gerhard  $the \ closeness \ of \ the \ divine-that \ makes \ some \ landscapes \ so, \\ Richter. \ Richter's \ conceptually-grounded \ realist \ paintings$ well, sublime. For whatever reasons, the emotional scale of seem clearly related to Jonsson's seemingly digital renditions landscape has no limits. There are Claude Lorrain's idyllic of place. In his black and white paintings from the 1960s, the vistas and the tempests of Turner, Caspar David Friedrich's real subject is neither person nor event, nor the photographic



angle 18

They're about all these things at once, and about the myste- finity. Her pot-holder size embroideries at MOCA are studies rious nature of perception itself.

Jonsson's tapestry Ice Breaking is easily recognizable as a depiction of that natural phenomenon, yet it also recalls Brice also on display at MOCA, echoes Jonsson's earlier renditions Marden's intersecting loops of paint and ink. A tangle of of brain scans. Quasar & Companion Galaxy is like the ooze

sometimes jagged, sometimes gently curving lines curls across Jonsson's horizontal space. Two movements, composed of darker and lighter lines, create illusions of light and shadow, surface and depth. Jazz-like riffs, repetitions, quotations and sudden dissonances make the eye dance between surface and subject, as with Marden and many contemporary visual artists.

Jonsson paints her images on silk yarn prior to weaving. The weaving then pixilates the image, so to speak, structuring the informality of painting or staining via the grid of the loom. As in printmaking, where the weight of the press leads gesture toward a graver permanence, and toward reproduction, Jonsson's loom proclaims a deeper order.

Perhaps even more striking and certainly more abstract is the tapestry Clouds. Dark grey jetsam floats funny. Then again, how could they not be? A sense of gay blots hint at a former meaning, as if they had once formed an ideogram. At the upper right hovers a much smaller ellipse of dim marks, like a distant flock of gulls. Fuzzier, bulkier shapes plane from the bottom edge.

Again Richter comes to mind, in this case due to the boldness and oddness of the artist's choices. There is nothing picturesque here, of course, or in any of Jonsson's depictions. Nothing, in fact, is recognizable. It is not even possible to determine the relation between

figure and ground. Probably the Clouds of the title refer to the broad, faintly mottled expanse of light silk. The floating shapes then become gaps in the low, fast-moving cloud cover of a winter night's sky. The effortless elegance of the composition recalls not only Richter, but Jonsson's materials and palette underscore a resemblance to classic Chinese landscape painting and calligraphy.

about the distances from eye to camera and paint to hand. As Jonsson works smaller, her subject matter expands to inof nebulae, cosmic formations and events. Core of the Whirlpool Galaxy looks like a purple pretzel, or maybe a cross section of a walnut, though, like many of her ink drawings

> of a lava lamp or an illustration of a cell replicating itself. Supernova is a circular, spiral structure. like a maze or a mandala

Steeped in the flamboyant intricacy of Chinese embroidery. these small pieces have a delightful quasicomic flair. It's hard to say what makes embroidered quasars

toward the upper left corner, inscribed in Jonsson's creamy freedom and light-heartedness runs through the whole sesilk warp. Configured in a decaying cluster, these irregular ries. It's partly the bright colors, partly the contrast between the soft delicacy of embroidery thread and the roughly woven fabrics onto which the thread is stitched. Then there's the outrageous cosmic-ness of the subject matter, which obtrude like land masses, poking diagonally into the picture — makes one stop and think about the whole business of graven

> images. It requires no more effrontery to stitch a galaxy than to paint a god — but no less, either. In the end, all of our efforts to render the universe in paint or yarn, words or numbers are absurd. They're also wonderful, if description is simply an imaginative stab at a new way of being.

**PULSE SERIES** HILDUR ÁSGEIRSDÓTTIR JONSSON: ENERGY-FORMS MOCA Cleveland 8501 Carnegie Avenue January 28 – May 1

QUASAR RADIO MAP, 2003 Silk embroidery, 4" x 4"

EINSTEIN'S CROSS, 2003 Silk embroidery, 5.5" x 5.5"

ICE BREAKING, 2004 Silk weaving, 40" x 68"

angle 18

05

HILDUR ÁSGEIRSDÓTTIR JÓNSSON HILDUR ÁSGEIRSDÓTTIR JÓNSSON Angle magazine issue 18 Angle magazine issue 18